Binary Hero



In this project you will make a game in which you play the notes of a song as they scroll down the Stage. code club

What you will make

The notes will fall from above, and you will have to press keys to "catch" and play the notes.

	• •	•
		•
_		
	$\begin{array}{c} 8 + 4 + 2 + \\ \bigcirc & \bigcirc & \bigcirc \\ 7 & \times & \bigcirc \end{array}$	

What you will learn

- · How to use lists to store sequences of notes and timings
- · How to use custom blocks with inputs

What you will need

Hardware

• A computer capable of running Scratch 3

Software

• Scratch 3 (either <u>online</u> or <u>offline</u>)

Step 1: Key presses

How many notes can you play with four keys? It might be more than you think!

Activity Checklist

Open the 'Binary hero' Scratch starter project.

Online: open the starter project at <u>rpf.io/binary-hero-on</u>. If you have a Scratch account, you can click on **Remix** in the top right-hand corner to save a copy of the project.

Offline: open <u>rpf.io/p/en/binary-hero-go</u> in the offline editor. If you need to download and install the Scratch offline editor, you can find it at <u>rpf.io/scratchoff</u>.

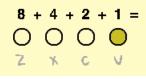
Start by showing which key is being pressed.



Click on the sprite called **1**, and add code to change the sprite's costume if the v key is pressed.

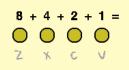
when	clicked
forever	
if	key v pressed? then
sw	itch costume to on 👻
else	
sw	itch costume to off -
	٠ ا

When you test your code by pressing the v key, the sprite should light up.





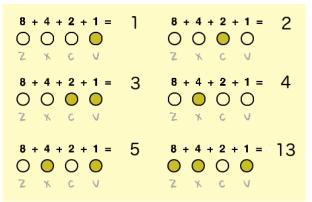
Do the same for the other three sprites so that they light up if the z, x, or c keys are pressed.



Step 2: Binary numbers

You will use different combinations of pressing the four keys to play different notes. Each of the keys is either on (pressed) or off (not pressed). This means that you can think of each combination of keys as a **binary number**.

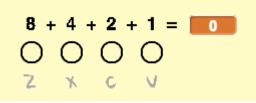
Moving from right to left the keys double in value: 1, 2, 4, and 8. By adding up the numbers above the keys that are pressed, you can work out the value of the note.



There are $2^4 = 16$ combinations of pressing the four keys. This means that you can play 15 different notes, as **a** will mean that no note plays.

Activity Checklist

Create a new variable called note, and drag it next to the four note sprites.



note will store the value of the note that should be played.

Add code to the Stage to use the combination of pressed keys to calculate the value of note.

For example, when c and v are pressed, the value of note should be 3.

This is what your code should look like:

when 🏲 clicked
forever
set note - to 0
if key v pressed? then
change note - by 1
if key c pressed? then
change note by 2
if € key x
change note - by 4
if key z pressed? then
change note - by 8
<u> </u>

Step 3: Play notes

Play notes when the keys are pressed.

Activity Checklist



Add the Music extension to your project.



Broadcast a 'note change' message whenever **any of the four keys** is pressed.





Add code to the Stage to play a note when a combination of keys is pressed. Your notes should start at middle C, which is note 60.

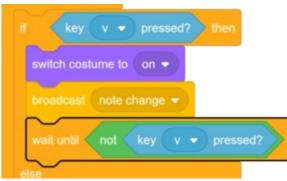
play note 60 for 1 beats

This is what your code should look like:

when I receive	note change 🝷	
stop all sounds		
55 play not	e 59 + note 1	for 1 beats

Test your code. Can you hear that a note is repeatedly played when you hold down a key?

Add code so that the **all** the key sprites only play a note **once** when a key is held down?



Step 4: Scrolling notes

You need to make notes scroll down the Stage so that the player knows which keys to press and when to press them.

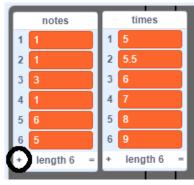
Activity Checklist



Create two lists called notes and times.



Add the following numbers to your **notes** and **times** lists. Note: make sure to **add these exact numbers in the right order**.



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Here's how songs are stored in your game:

- The notes list stores the notes of the song (from 1 to 15), in order
- The times list stores the times when the notes should be played in the song

Г	notes	times
1	1 -	<mark>→</mark> 5
2	1 -	2 5.5
3	3 —	- <mark>→</mark> 6
4	1 -	+7
5	6 -	- <mark>→</mark> 8
6	5 —	<mark>- 6-</mark> 9
٠	length 6 =	+ length 6 =
	_	

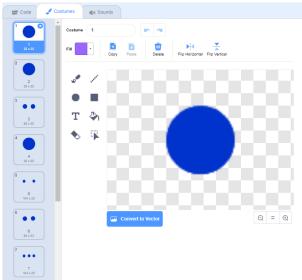
So with the two new lists:

- Note 1 (middle C) should be played at 5 seconds
- Note 1 should be played again at 5.5 seconds
- Note 3 should be played at 6 seconds
- etc...

Click on the 'note' sprite and then click on **show**.



Then click on Costumes.



You should see that the 'note' sprite has 15 different costume, one for each different note from 1 to 15.

Add code to create a 'note' sprite clone for every note stored in <u>notes</u>. Each clone should be created at the correct time stored in <u>times</u>. Each clone should be created two seconds before its note needs to be played. This gives the clone two seconds to move down the screen. You'll create the code to move your clones in a little bit!

This is what your code should look like:

whe	n 🏲 clicked
rese	et timer
hide	
гере	eat until length of notes - = 0
	ait until timer > item 1 - of times - 2
sv	witch costume to item 1 - of notes -
	reate clone of myself -
	elete 1 🔻 of times 👻
de	elete 1 🔻 of notes 👻
	J

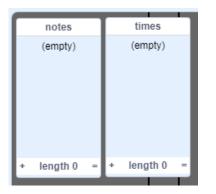
When you test your code now, nothing seems to happen, because the 'note' sprite is hidden. If you show (or don't hide) the sprite, then you should see clones being created on top of each other.

Add code to make each 'note' clone glide from the top to the bottom of the Stage before being deleted.



Step 5: Store your song

At the moment, notes are removed from the lists after being played, so you're left with empty lists:



You're now going to add code to store songs in your project, so that you don't have to add to your lists each time.

Г	notes	times	
1	1	1	5
2	1	2	5.5
3	3	3	6
4	1	4	7
5	6	5	8
6	5	6	9
÷	length 6 =	÷	length 6 =

Activity Checklist

Make a new block called load 'happy birthday' that clears both the notes and times lists, and then adds the correct numbers back into both lists.

This is what your code should look like:





Test your new block by running it at the start of your project.



Each of your lists should now contain six numbers.

notes	times
1 1	1 5
2 1	2 5.5
3 3	3 6
4 1	4 7
5 6	5 8
6 5	6 9
+ length 6 =	+ length 6 =

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Step 6: More custom blocks

The newest section of code is difficult to read, so you're going to use more custom blocks to make it simpler.

Activity Checklist



Make another block called clear song that deletes all items from both lists. Use this block before adding numbers back into the lists.

define	clear s	ong	
delete	all 🔻	of	notes 👻
delete	all 💌	of	times 💌

When you test your code, it should work just as it did before.



So that your code is even easier to read, make another block that allows you to specify a note to be played and a time to play the note at.

This is what your code should look like:

lefine Add note note at time sec	s define load 'happy birthday'
ndd note to notes -	clear song
idd time to times -	Add note 1 at 5 sec
	Add note 1 at 5.5 set
	Add note 3 at 6 sec
	Add note 1 at 7 sec
	Add note 6 at 8 sec
	Add note 5 at 9 sed

Step 7: Keep a score

Improve your game by giving the player points for playing the correct note.

Activity Checklist

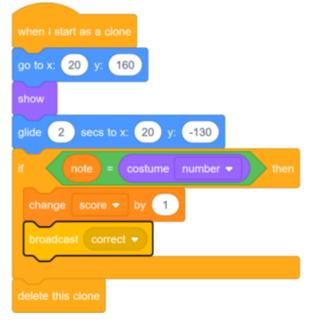




Add to score whenever the player plays the correct note at the correct time. Remember to set score to 0 at the start of the game. This is what your code should look like:

when I start as a clone
go to x: 20 y: 160
show
glide 2 secs to x: 20 y: -130
if note = costume number • then
change score - by 1
delete this clone

Broadcast a message called 'correct' when the correct note is played.



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Add code to your Stage to briefly change the backdrop when the player plays the correct note. The project already contains a second backdrop for this.

when 🏴 clicked	when I receive correct -
switch backdrop to normal -	switch backdrop to correct -
	wait 0.3 seconds
	switch backdrop to normal -

Challenge: take it further

Your game is done now, but there are a few things you can do to make it even better if you want to!

For example, can you add code to change how the Stage looks if the correct note is not played?

when I start as a clone
go to x: 20 y: 160
show
glide 2 secs to x: 20 y: -130
if note = costume number - then
change score - by 1
broadcast correct -
else
???
delete this clone

To do this, you need to add code that's very similar to the code that changes the backdrop when the correct note is played. The project contains another backdrop you can use.